## Heat stress prevention

Company name	Presenter
Location	_ Date

As we move into summer months, taking action to prevent heat related illnesses becomes a daily necessity. A heat illness prevention program (HIP) should be implemented. In addition to a HIP, the following items should be considered at the jobsite.

## Risk factors that indicate a potential for heat illness

- 1. Outdoor work in warm/hot weather or direct sun.
- 2. Radiant heat sources such as hot asphalt, power tools, machinery, furnaces, boilers, steam piping or other radiant heat sources.
- 3. Low wind speed and/or structures blocking the wind.
- 4. Work in confined spaces for example, attics, crawl spaces and/or the interior of tanks.
- 5. High relative humidity combined with a warm/hot indoor or outdoor environment (heat index).
- 6. Heavy or non-breathable work clothes and/or personal protective equipment worn in hot indoor or outdoor environments.
- 7. Unacclimated workers who are new to the job site or geographic region, also workers returning from extended leave.
- 8. Employees working alone.

## If any of the above risk factors or other risk factors are identified, then consider implementing a combination of the following methods to reduce the potential for heat illness

- 1. Ventilation includes air conditioners, cooling fans, air movers or other engineering controls.
- 2. If radiant heat sources are identified, when possible, turn the machines off prior to work as often as possible.
- 3. Ensure restroom facilities are close to the jobsite.
- 4. Require rest and hydration breaks in the shade or air conditioning.
- 5. Make sure fluids are readily available and provided to workers.
- 6. Monitor heat hazards throughout the day, temperature and heat index and heat advisories.
- 7. Utilize a buddy system, so workers observe each other for signs of heat-related injury and illness
- 8. If a worker must work alone, lone worker procedures such as frequent check-ins are a good practice.



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